

born before the Civil War. In this way, he also sees that 25 issues of the Annals from the first period were published between September 1933 and May 1936. After a silence of over 40 years, the Annals once again saw the light of day in 1984. Their recovery had as its aim the reinstatement of the Barcelona Press Association at a very delicate time, when the “Hoja del Lunes” had ceased publication owing to a company decision to stop the publication of Monday newspapers.

At this point, Guillaumet remembers how and why Monday newspapers came about; firstly as a supplement to the official newspaper in the province and subsequently as the official Monday newspaper.

The pages of the Annals del Periodisme Català, both in their first and second phases, constitute a documentary chronicle of the professional bodies set up by journalists in Catalonia. The anniversary of the Annals, he concludes, provides a good opportunity to remember and pay tribute to so much endeavour.

14 Future journalism

With the publishing of issue 25 of Annals del Periodisme Català the publication examines its course of development. Over the course of eleven years, Annals has sought to recover the professional memory. Now it puts forward a series of reflections on “future journalism” with a series of articles on the main changes which have taken place in the field and the outlook for the future: informative models, the evolution of the profession, ethical problems, etc. The authors of the articles appear in alphabetical order. They represent a wide range of points of view both in terms of their current activities as well as their personal careers.